1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 5 AT TACOMA 6 JAMES A. BATTLE, 7 Plaintiff, No. C13-5086 BHS/KLS 8 v. REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION 9 Noted For: April 12, 2013 ARLEN HATTLE, BERNARD 10 WARNER, STEPHEN LARD, DAWN THOMPSON, LAURENCE MAYS, K. 11 BRUNER, ELDONVAIL, GARY HARP, 12 Defendants. 13 Plaintiff James A. Battle is presently confined at the Stafford Creek Corrections Center 14 (SCCC). On February 13, 2013, the Court granted Plaintiff's application for leave to proceed in 15 forma pauperis (ECF No. 4) and directed service of Plaintiff's civil rights complaint (ECF No. 16 17 7). On February 26, 2013, Plaintiff filed an *Ex Parte* Motion Seeking Stay of Transfer. ECF 18 No. 17. Plaintiff seeks a "Court Order preventing institutional transfer to lower custody level 19 prior to this Court's Scheduling Order." Id. Not all of the Defendants have been served at this 20 time and those that have been served have not filed an Answer herein. None of the Defendants 21 were served with Plaintiff's ex parte motion. 22 The undersigned recommends that Plaintiff's motion be denied as premature. The Court 23 does not reach the merits of Plaintiff's motion. 24 25 // 26

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION - 1

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION - 2

DISCUSSION

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65(a)(1), no preliminary injunction can be issued without notice to the opposing party. A temporary restraining order may be granted under Rule 65(b), but only if:

- 1) it clearly appears from specific facts shown by affidavit or by the verified complaint that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result to the applicant before the adverse party or that party's attorney can be heard in opposition, and
- 2) the [applicant] certifies to the court in writing the efforts, if any, which have been made to give the notice and the reasons supporting the claim that notice should not be required.

If Plaintiff seeks relief from the Court, he must set forth his requests in a pleading or motion and that he must serve copies of all pleadings and motions on all Defendants through their counsel of record pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(1). Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(d), Plaintiff is also required to attach and file a certificate of service stating that he has served all Defendants with the pleading and/or motion every time he files and serves a document. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, all motions will be decided without oral argument and parties are not to appear on the date the motion is noted unless directed. CR 7(b)(4).

Accordingly, the undersigned recommends that Plaintiff's motion (ECF No. 17) be stricken from the Court's docket. Plaintiff may file a motion for temporary restraining order and serve it on all Defendants. Plaintiff should keep in mind that any issues raised in any such motion must be related to the issues raised in his complaint and he must establish the following:

(1) a likelihood of success on the merits, (2) a likelihood of irreparable injury to the plaintiff if injunctive relief is not granted, (3) a balance of hardships favoring the plaintiff, and (4) advancement of the public interest. Winter v. Natural Res. Def. Council, 555 U.S. 7, 129 S.Ct.

365, 376, 172 L.Ed.2d 249 (2008) (quoting *Amoco Prod. Co. v. Gambell*, 480 U.S. 531, 542, 107 S.Ct. 1396, 94 L.Ed.2d 542 (1987)). If Plaintiff does re-file his motion, he must also file a certificate of service stating he has served all Defendants, through their counsel, with the motion. The motion may be scheduled on the Court's calendar for the third Friday after filing and service of the motion.

CONCLUSION

The undersigned recommends that the Plaintiff's motion for preliminary hearing on injunctive relief (ECF No. 17) be **stricken** from the Court's docket. The Court does not reach the merits of the Plaintiff's motion.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), the parties shall have fourteen (14) days from service of this Report to file written objections. See also Fed. R. Civ. P. 6. Failure to file objections will result in a waiver of those objections for purposes of appeal.

Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Accommodating the time limit imposed by Rule 72(b), the Clerk is directed to set the matter for consideration on **April 12, 2013**, as noted in the caption.

Karen L. Strombom

United States Magistrate Judge

DATED this <u>26th</u> day of March, 2013.